



Computing curriculum

At Boasley Cross C of E Primary and Nursery School, we believe in giving children the skills needed for the 21st Century – computing is a key component of this. Our curriculum is designed to give our learners the skills and knowledge needed to access computing technology.

The computing curriculum is designed to build upon knowledge and skills with technology with a strong thread of online safety.

At all times the skills and knowledge practiced will be linked to contextualised applications with links to science, maths and other curriculum areas.

Programme of study

EYFS			
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary
	Children know that technology can be used for a range of purposes at home and school	Children can use technology to complete simple games and programs	Device Technology
	Children can name a range of technology devices and uses (e.g. 'You use your computer to take the register and it sends it to Mrs Chapman so she can see it on her computer')	Children can use technology to retrieve simple information (e.g. Using voice control to find pictures of animals)	Computer Information
	Children know that information can be retrieved from technology	Children can express their ideas using technology (e.g. using drawing programs)	
		Children can explain uses of technology at home and school	

Year 1				
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary	
Understanding algorithms and e-safety	Children know that an algorithm is a set of instructions	Children can create a simple algorithm	Algorithm Program	
,	Children understand that devices follow algorithms precisely	Children can test a simple algorithm	Bug	
Create and de-bug simple programmes and e-	and unambiguously	Children can de-bug a simple algorithm	De-bug Digital	
safety	Children know how to create a simple algorithm	Children can create a simple program	Digital content e-safety	
			online safety	

Digital literacy and e-	Children know that a program is a set of instructions that	Children can test a simple program
safety	execute a task	
		Children can de-bug a simple program
	Children know that a program is created by a set of algorithms	Children can create digital content
	Children know how to create digital content (a.g. word	Children can save digital content
	Children know how to create digital content (e.g. word processing documents)	Children can save digital content
	processing documents,	Children can retrieve digital content
	Children know how to save digital content	
		Children can use online safety tools
	Children know how to retrieve digital content	
	Children lynny, what nevernal information is	Children use a computer programme to create art
	Children know what personal information is	
	Children know that they should not share personal information	
	online (including photos)	
	Children can recognise online threats to their safety	
	Children Improve have to each half with online of the	
	Children know where to seek help with online safety	

Year 2				
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary	
Logical reasoning and e- safety	Children know that technological devices are unambiguously and precisely logical	Children can predict the behavior of a program using logical reasoning	Logic Logical reasoning	
Digital literacy beyond school and e-safety	Children know that programs are defined by algorithms and will follow them logically	Children can create digital content using a range of programs	Folders	

Digital content and e-	Children know how to use a range of programs at home and	Children can create digital content outside of the
safety	school	school environment
	Children can create digital content beyond school (e.g. creating posters using digital photos, publishing programs)	Children can organise digital content in folders and sub folders
	Children know how to organise digital content using folders	Children can manipulate digital content
	and sub folders	Children can spot unsafe content
	Children know how to manipulate digital content	Children can use a program to create music
	Children know common methods of stealing personal information	Children can use a program to create and manipulate photos
	Children know what safe online groups look like	

Year 3			
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary
Connecting computers	Children understand how devices connect to one another	Children can connect a device to others	Connections
Graphics and	Children understand the benefits and functions of connected	Children can create graphics and animations using	Internet
presentations including	devices	technology	Wireless
research and e-safety			
	Children know how to use graphic programs	Children can design a program to complete a given	Data
Sequencing in music		task	Graphics
	Children know how to create an animation		·
Building databases		Children can create a program to complete a given	
	Children know how to design simple programs	task	
Desktop publishing			
	Children know how to create simple programs		

	Children can de-bug a simple program to complete a	
Children know how to de-bug simple programs	given task	
Children understand the use of data storing and sorting	Children can store, sort and retrieve data	
programmes		
	Children can present information using programs	
Children know how to use programs to create a document		

Year 4			
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary
Working with Data and e- safety	Children know how to organise data on digital programs (e.g. spreadsheets)	Children can oraganise data and retrieve information from digital data sources	Data sources Communications
Networks and communications and e-	Children use data stored digitally to create charts and graphs	Children can represent data	networks
safety	Children understand computer networks such as the internet	Children can use networks to communicate with others	
Audio editing	Children know that technology can be used to communicate instantly with people around the world	Children can identify unsafe uses of computer networks	
	Children know how to be safe when communicating via digital technology (acceptable use)	Children can record and edit audio using digital devices.	
	Children know how digital data can be manipulated to mislead readers	Children can create and edit photos using digital devices	
	Children know they have a responsibility to act respectfully online.		

Children know how to use digital devices to record audio	
Children know how to edit audio in digital files	
Children understand the use of digital devices for photos	

Year 5			
Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary
Video editing	Children know how to use programs to enhance presentations	Children can create presentations using programs to enhance	Collaborative working
Databases	Children know how communication networks can be used to work collaboratively	Children can work collaboratively on a single piece of	Databases
Selection	Children know how to correct algorithms in their programs	content	Coding
	Children know how collaborative working can be manipulated	Children can identify when images have been manipulated	
	positively and negatively	Children can explain how algorithms work	
	Children understand the role of technology and digital devices in the creation of video	Children can create and edit video	
	Children understand the purposes and functions of databases	Children can create, sort and retrieve data from a data base	
	Children understand binary coding and how this enables selection	Dase	
	for a variety of purposes	Children use selection for a variety of purposes	

Subject	Knowledge	Skills	Key Vocabulary
Communications	Children know how to safely communicate using technology	Children can use the internet to safely search for	Search ranking
NAZ-L-St.	and devices	content	Functions
Websites			
	Children know how to use the internet safely to search for	Children can create a basic website	Modelling
Spreadsheets	content	Children can use a variable to affect a program	Sensing
Variables	Children understand how search results are ranked		Variables
		Children can use spreadsheets to organise and	
Modelling	Children recognise the features of a website and how to use	retrieve data	
	these for various functions		
Sensing		Children can create 3D models using technology	
	Children understand the use of a variable in programming		
		Children can use lasers and other sensing tools to	
	Children understand the function and purpose of spreadsheets	affect a program.	
	Children understand the use of 3D modelling		
	Children understand the use of laser and other sensing tools in		
	technology		

Computing progression

		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
Computing	Computer science	 understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs Pupils learn to program a basic floor turtle such as a BeeBot to navigate increasingly complex routes and are able to debug their instructions when the turtle does not reach the intended destination Pupils learn to program an onscreen app such as BeeBot or Kodable to complete a set task and are able to debug their instructions when the turtle does not reach the intended destination Pupils use a more complex turtle with standard units to navigate increasingly complex routes, and are able to debug their instructions when the turtle does not reach the intended destination 	 design write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals,solve problems by decomposing them in smaller parts use sequence, selection and repetition in programs use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs Pupils learn to use graphical programming language, such as Scratch or Logo to draw regular 2D shapes. Pupils add loops or procedures to create a repeating pattern Pupils learn to sequence instructions, for instance to create an animation using Scratch, or by using the timing features in PowerPoint Pupils write a simple algorithm, for instance to create a basic traffic light sequence. They then use flowcharting software (such as Go or Flowgo) to create a simple program to control an onscreen icon 	 design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals; including controlling or simulating physical systems and solving problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and program Pupils write a simple algorithm, for instance to create a basic traffic light sequence. They then use flowcharting software to create a simple program to control an onscreen icon. They are able to explain how their program works Pupils create a computer game, using a graphical language such as Scratch or Kodu

	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	 recognise common uses of information technology beyond school 	 recognise common uses of information technology beyond school 	• understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple
	Pupils learn about some of the uses of the internet	Pupils learn to collaborate electronically by blogging - mailing and working on shared documents using the pupil sites of the DLG	services, such as the world wide web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
Science Cont.			Pupils learn to collaborate electronically by blogging -mailing, and working on shared documents using the pupil sites of the DLG. This can be extended to working with other schools
Computer			Pupils learn that connected devices exchang packets of data and this can convey a range of information from a text to a video call

		Pupils should be taught to:	Dunila abaulal ba tawaht ta	
		· apino on other so than one to	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
		 use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content 	Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact Pupils learn that the Internet is a great place to develop rewarding online relationships and learn to recognise websites that are good for them to visit; but they also learn to be cautious and to check with a trusted adult before sharing private information	 use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact Pupils learn that the internet is a great place where
		on the internet or other online technologies		online relationships can be developed. They compare and contrast online friends and real life, face to face friends and learn how to respond if an online friend asks them a personal question Pupils learn to create secure passwords for their accounts, learn about spam and how to deal with it, and decode website privacy policies, understanding the implications for the info that they share online Pupils explore their roles as digital citizens in an online community, where they reflect on their responsibilities and learn that good digital citizens are responsible and respectful in the digital world
		Pupils learn that the Internet is a great place to develop rewarding online relationships and learn to recognise websites that are good for them to visit; but they also learn to be cautious and to check with a trusted adult before sharing private information Pupils are introduced to the concept that real people send messages to one another on the Internet and learn how messages are sent and received. They recognise that it may be difficult to distinguish between someone who is real and someone who is not		
			Pupils learn to make good passwords for their accounts, learn about spam and how to deal with it. They begin to understand the implications for the information that they share online and how some websites might use that information without their knowledge Pupils are introduced to their roles as digital citizens in the implications for the info that they share the implications for the info that they share community, where they reflect on their respectful in the digital world respectful in the digital world pupils begin to explore the nature of online and permanency of information online. The	
				Pupils begin to explore the nature of online audiences and permanency of information online. They begin to understand the significance of published information and personal information
Computing	racy	Pupils are introduced to the basics of online searching		
	Digital literacy	Pupils learn to explore websites and to say whether they like them or not and why		

Pupils explore how they interact with others and are introduced to the concept of cyberbullying. They also learn how to communicate to be a responsible member of a connected culture effectively in order to prevent miscommunication

use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked and be discerning in evaluating digital content

Pupils are introduced to the basics of online searching, including how to use effective keywords. They also learn to conduct searches that provide them with the most helpful and relevant information Pupils understand what it means to be a good digital citizen as they interact with others online by understanding how to prevent and respond to cyberbullying. They also learn how to communicate effectively to prevent miscommunication in order to be a responsible member of a connected culture

Pupils begin to consider the impact of their online presence on their own self- image and the way others see them and explore how to construct a positive online profile

Pupils learn the 'do's and don'ts' of copying and pasting information to avoid plagiarism. They learn how to avoid plagiarism by putting information in their own words, putting excerpted information into quotes, and providing citations. They learn to show respect for other people's creations by giving them credit

use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked and be discerning in evaluating digital content

Pupils explore issues relating to online searching, including how to use effective keywords, using directories and subject categories, and how to analyse the usefulness and relevancy of the results. They learn to conduct searches that provide them with the most helpful and relevant information

Pupils develop skills for evaluating websites, online information and advertising by rating the trustworthiness and usefulness of websites, and learning to identify the different types of online advertising

		Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
		Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
		 use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content 	• select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of	 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of
		Digital Publishing: Pupils learn to use basic word processing package and to write and illustrate a short story	programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and	programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
		Presentation: Pupils learn to make simple presentations Graphics: Pupils learn to create a	information Digital Publishing: Pupils learn how to use software to create an e-book, brochure or poster on a given subject	Digital Publishing: Pupils learn how to use software to create an e-book, brochure or poster on a given subject, incorporating a range of media
		simple digital painting Animations: Pupils learn to make a	Presentations: Pupils learn to write and deliver a presentation on a given subject	Presentations: Pupils learn to write and deliver a presentation, incorporating a range of media
		simple animation for instance in Puppet Pals Media: Pupils learn to use digital	Graphics: Pupils learn how to take, adapt or create images to enhance or further develop their work	Graphics: Pupils learn how to take, adapt or create images to enhance or further develop their work and incorporate it in a wider project
		cameras and microphones for a purpose	Animations: Pupils learn how to develop a storyboard and then create a simple animation	Animations: Pupils learn how to develop a storyboard and then create a simple animation
		Working with data: Pupils learn to create and use a pictogram Modelling: Pupils explore online	using for instance 'Puppet Pals' or 'Stop Motions' Animation'	using for instance Puppet pals' or 'Stop Motions Animation' - this may be extended by editing the final product in using video editing software
		simulations such as Charlie Chimp	Sound and video: Pupils record and edit media to create a short sequence	Sound and video: Pupils record and edit media to
			Working with data: Pupils learn to search, sort and graph information	create a short sequence - extended by editing the final product in using video editing software
uting				Working with data: Pupils learn to search, sort and graph information
Computing	ICT			Modelling: Pupils learn how to use a spreadsheet to model data